

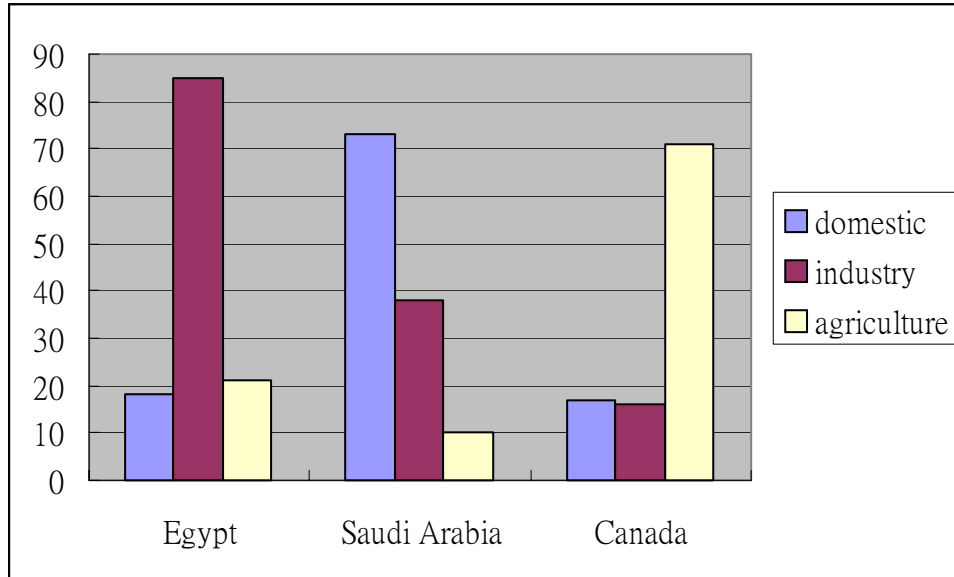
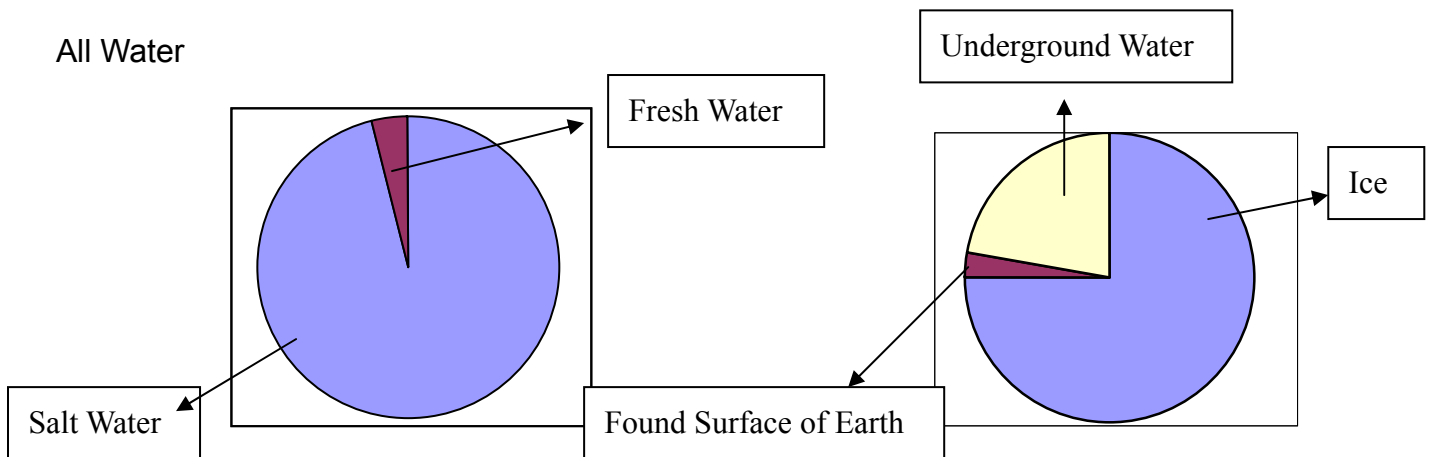
**A1-1**

You should spend about 20 minutes on the task.

**The diagrams below show the various kinds of water found on the earth and how it is used in three different countries. Write a report for a university lecturer describing the information shown below.**

**Write a report for a university lecturer describing the information shown below.**

You should write at least 150 words.



**Sample** (by *Torben K.Nelson*)

The graphs illustrate the total amount of water used in the world and how it is used across three different countries. The two pie charts generally show that the type and distribution of the world's water is primarily made up of salt water and ice, while from the bar chart it is possible to see that the three countries use very different amounts of water for domestic, industrial and agricultural use.

The first pie chart shows that 95% of the world's water is salt water. From the second pie chart it is possible to see that 75% of the world's water is made of ice, while 21% is underground water and the remaining 4% is found on the surface of the earth.

The bar chart depicts that domestic use of water was the highest for Saudi Arabia, peaking at 72 million litres of water. In contrast, both Egypt and Canada use less than a third of that amount. In regards to the highest consumption of water for industrial use, Egypt was first at 85 million litres of water, while Saudi Arabia was less than half of that amount at 38 million, and Canada at only 17 million. Finally, agricultural use of water was the highest for Canada at 71 million litres of water. However, Egypt uses a lower amount at 21 million and Saudi Arabia is the lowest user at half of that amount.

In conclusion, while a similar amount of total water consumption is evident across Egypt, Saudi Arabia and Canada, each country uses the world's water for different purposes.